## 2020 Southwest Regulated Detected Contaminants Table

2020 Inorganic Che	2020 Inorganic Chemicals - Annual Monitoring at Plant Finished Tap										
Regulated Contaminant	Test Date	Unit	Health Goal MCLG	Allowed Level MCL	Highest Level Detected	Range of Detection	Violation	Major Sources in Drinking Water			
Fluoride	3-10-2020	ppm	4	4	0.71	n/a	no	Erosion of natural deposit; Water additive, which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.			
Nitrate	3-10-2020	ppm	10	10	0.61	n/a	no	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.			
Barium	5-16-2017	ppm	2	2	0.01	n/a	no	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.			

2020 Disinfection Residual - Monitoring in the Distribution System										
Regulated Contaminant	Test Date	Unit	Health Goal MRDLG	Level		Range of Quarterly Results	Violation	Major Sources in Drinking Water		
Total Chlorine Residual	2020	ppm	4	4	0.62	0.49-0.72	no	Water additive used to control microbes		

2020 Disinfection By-Products - Stage 2 Disinfection By-Products Monitoring in the Distribution System										
Regulated Contaminant	Test Date	Unit	Health Goal MCLG	Allowed Level MCL	Highest Level LRAA	Range of Quarterly Results	Violation	Major Sources in Drinking Water		
(TTHM) Total Trihalomethanes	2020	ppb	n/a	80	32.2	32.2	no	By-product of drinking water chlorination		
(HAA5) Haloacetic Acids	2020	ppb	n/a	60	11	11	no	By-product of drinking water chlorination		

2020 Turbidity - Monitored Every 4 Hours at the Plant Finished Water Tap									
Highest Single Measurement Cannot Exceed 1 NTU	Lowest Monthly % of Samples Meeting Turbidity Limit of 0.3 NTU (minimum 95%)	Violation	Major Sources in Drinking Water						
0.13 NTU	100%	no	Soil Runoff						
Turbidity has no health offects	Howayar turbidity can interfere with disinfection as	ad provida a	modium for microbial						

Turbidity has no health effects. However, turbidity can interfere with disinfection and provide a medium for microbial growth. Turbidity may indicate the presence of disease-causing organisms. These organisms include bacteria, viruses, and parasites that can cause symptoms such as nausea, cramps, diarrhea, and associated headaches.

Regulated Contaminant	Treatment Technique	Typical Source of Contaminant
	The Total Organic Carbon (TOC) removal ratio is calculated as the ratio between the actual TOC removal and the TOC removal requirements. The TOC is measured each quarter and because the level is low, there is no requirement for TOC removal.	Erosion of natural deposits

Radionuclides - Monitored at the Plant Finished Tap in 2014									
Regulated Contaminant	I I I I I MICH G I MICH I VIOLATION I MICHO SOURCES IN DRINKING I						Major Sources in Drinking Water		
Combined Radium Radium 226 and 228	5-13-14	pCi/L	0	5	0.65 <u>+</u> 0.54	no	Erosion of natural deposits		

Lead and Copper Monitoring at the Customer's Tap in 2020										
Regulated Contaminant	Test Date	Unit	Health Goal MCLG	Action Level AL	90 <sup>th</sup> Percentile Value*	Number of Samples Over AL	Range of Individual Samples Results	Violation	Major Sources in Drinking Water	
Lead	2020	ppb	0	15	0	0	ND	no	Lead services lines, corrosion of household, plumbing including fittings and fixtures; erosion of natural deposits"	
Copper	2020	ppm	1.3	1.3	0.1	0	0.0-0.1	no	Corrosion of household plumbing system; Erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives.	

<sup>\*</sup> The 90<sup>th</sup> percentile value means 90 percent of the homes tested have lead and copper levels below the given 90<sup>th</sup> percentile value. If the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile value is above the AL additional requirements must be met.

2020 Special Monitoring									
Contaminant	Test Date	Unit	MCLG	MCL	Highest Level Detected	Source of Contaminant			
Sodium	3-10-2020	ppm	n/a	n/a	6.81	Erosion of natural deposits			

These tables are based on tests conducted by GLWA in the year 2020 or the most recent testing done within the last five calendar years. GLWA conducts tests throughout the year only tests that show the presence of a substance or require special monitoring are presented in these tables. The State allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. All of the data is representative of the water quality, but some are more than one year old.